ENTO 331 - CROP PESTS AND STORED GRAIN PESTS AND THEIR MANAGEMENT

PESTS OF RICE (BORERS AND FOLIAGE FEEDERS) QUESTIONS

1.	Paddy stem borer belongs to fam	ily
	a. Pyralidae	b. Hesperiidae
	c. Cecidomyiidae	d. Pyraustidae
2.	'White ear' in rice is due to a	ttack
	a. Stem borer	b. Leaf folder
	c. Swarming caterpillar	d. case worm
3.	Gall midge belongs to family	
	a. Pyralidae	b.Hesperiidae
	c. Cecidomyiidae	d. Pyraustidae
4.	'Silver shoot' in rice is due to attack	
	a. Stem borer	b. Leaf folder
	c. Gall midge	d. case worm
5.	Flating of tubular cases in rice field is due to	pest
	a. Orseolia oryzae	b. Nymphula depunctalis
	c. Spodoptera mauritia	d. Scirpophaga incertulas
6.	Alternate host of rice skipper (Pelopidas ma	thias) is
	a. Potato	b. Sugarcane
	c. Maize	d. Wheat
7.	Backward rolling of leaves is the typical	
	symptom of	
	a. Orseolia oryzae	b. Scirpophaga incertulas
	c. Pelopidas mathias	d. Nymphula depunctalis
8.	Alternate host of <i>Cnaphalocrocis</i> medinalis (leaf folder) is	

	a. pulses	b. grasses	
	c. maize	d. wheat	
9.	Alternat host of <i>Melanitis ismene</i> is		
	a. millets	b. pulses	
	c. sugarcane	d. castor	
10.	Scorching symptom of the entire rice field is due to		
	a. Cnaphalocrocis medinalis	b. Scirpophaga incertulas	
	c. Pelopidas mathias	d. Nymphula depunctalis	
11.	Alternate host of Yellow hairy caterpillar is		
	a. millets	b. pulses	
	c. sugarcane	d. wheat	
12.	Which of the following pest causes onion needle or silver shoot symptoms in rice		
	a. Nephotettix nigropictus	b. Cofana spectra	
	c. Orseolia oryzae	d. Hydrellia philipiana	
13.	Irregular feeding of rice foliage is caused by		
	a. Army worm	b. Green beetle	
	c. Spiny beetle	d. Grass hopper	
14.	Presence of dead plants in patches is the symptom of		
	a. Altica cyanea	b. Leptisma pygmaea	
	c. Echinocnemus oryzae	d. Hydronomidus molitar	
15.	Cutting of seedling tip before transplanting is a good management technique		
	for controlling		
	a. Stem borer	b. Leaf folder	
	c. Mealy bug	d.Grasshopper	
16.	Passing of rope over the crop is done to dislodge the following pest		
	a. Leaf folder	b. Caseworm	
	c. Mealy bug	d. Grasshopper	

17.	Judicious application of fertilizer is done to minimize damage in rice		
	a. Leaf folder	b. GLH	
	c. Caseworm	d. BPH	
18.	'White ear' in rice is due to attack		
	a. Stem borer	b. Leaf folder	
	c. Swarming caterpillar	d. case worm	
19	Floating of tubular cases in rice field is due t	o pest	
	a. Orseolia oryzae	b. Nymphula depunctalis	
	c. Spodoptera mauritia	d. Scirpophaga incertulas	
20.	Alternate host of rice skipper (Pelopidas mathias) is		
	a. Potato	b. Sugarcane	
	c. Maize	d. Wheat	
21.	Backward rolling of leaves is the typical symptom of		
	a. Orseolia oryzae	b. Scirpophaga incertulas	
	c. Pelopidas mathias	d. Nymphula depunctalis	
22.	Alternatehost of <i>Melanitis ismene</i> is		
	a. millets	b. pulses	
	c. sugarcane	d. castor	
23.	Alternate host of Yellow hairy caterpillar is		
	a. millets	b. pulses	
	c. sugarcane	d. wheat	
24.	ia a chemical responsible for gall formation in rice Cecidogen		
25.	Gall formation is nothing but modification sheath	n of Leaf	
26.	Write the scientific name of green horned caterpillar is		
	Melanitis leda ismene		
27.	egg parasitoid can be released against rice stem borer		

	Trichogramma japonicum		
28.	egg parasitoid can be released against rice stem borer		
	Trichogramma chilonis		
29.	Write the scientific name of rice crab		
30.	Write the scientific name of rice mite Oligonychous oryzae		
31.	Trimming of bunds is recommended for the control of grasshopper		